DEBT MANAGEMENT

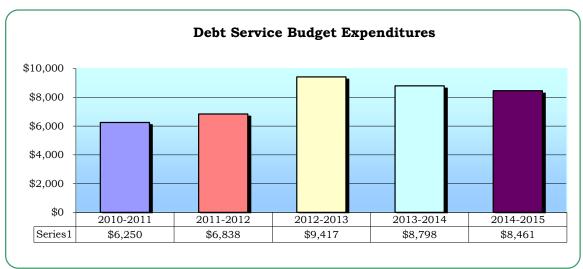
CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNECTICUT 2014-2015 BUDGET EXPENDITURE SUMMARY FOR DEBT SERVICE

ORGCODE	DESCRIPTION	PRIOR YEAR ACTUAL 2012-2013	ORIGINAL BUDGET 2013-2014	REVISED BUDGET 2013-2014	BUDGET REQUEST 2014-2015	JOINT BOARD 2014-2015
DEBT8010 LONG	G TERM DEBT PRINCIPAL PAYMENT	\$6,370,375	\$6,275,375	\$6,275,375	\$6,186,000	\$6,186,000
DEBT8020 LONG	G TERM DEBT INTEREST PAYMENT	2,980,708	2,653,190	2,653,190	2,400,020	2,400,020
DEBT8030 SHOP	RT TERM DEBT PRINCIPAL PAYMENT	0	0	0	250,000	0
DEBT8040 SHOP	RT TERM DEBT INTEREST PAYMENT	152,239	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
TOTAL DEBT SEE	RVICE	\$9,503,322	\$9,028,565	\$9,028,565	\$8,936,020	\$8,686,020

Program Summary

This series of line items reflects those expenditures made by the City for principal and interest payments for short and long-term debt. A debt service fund was created for the payments made to service this type of debt. The debt service fund is <u>not</u> a budgetary fund. Deposits to the debt service fund are in the form of operating transfers out from the general fund.

Shown below are the expenditures in the debt service fund during the past five fiscal years excluding Water Pollution payments.



Numbers in the above chart are in thousands

Program Commentary

Capital infrastructure is essential to all municipalities large and small. The amounts budgeted and expended for debt service have a direct relationship to the City's strategies for financing capital improvements. It is important to prepare a short-term and a long-term plan for the replacement and/or addition of City fixed assets and to estimate the available funding sources. To implement both plans (short and long-term), the City prepares a Capital Improvement Program (CIP). The CIP is a multi-year plan that identifies capital projects to be funded during the planning period. This represents the City's long-term infrastructure plan. The City also approves a Capital Budget, which represents the first year of the CIP. The Capital Budget, described beginning on page 335, is the City's annual appropriation for capital spending and is legally adopted by the City.

The City uses a policy of providing a mix of current revenues, state and federal grants, intergovernmental contributions, and bond proceeds to fund its capital projects. However, given the advantageously low long-term debt rate environment during the past couple of years, the City has consciously chosen to issue long-term general obligation debt for its larger capital projects.

Bond Rating

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) <u>Elected Official's Guide to Rating Agency Presentations</u> describes a **bond rating** as an independent assessment of the relative credit risk associated with purchasing and holding a particular bond, and the likelihood that the obligation will be repaid. The rating focuses on the city's ability and willingness to make full and timely payments. The City of Bristol uses the services of three rating agencies.

There are three primary agencies that rate debt issuances of private and for-profit entities. They are: Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's Ratings Service, and Fitch Inc.

Bond ratings are public information, and the rating agencies use a number of means to distribute their ratings to a wide audience. Investors are the most common users of bond ratings. But because ratings are so accessible and easy to understand, the media, policy makers, and taxpayers also use them and often consider the rating an indication of a municipality's, like Bristol's, overall fiscal health.

A credit rating does affect the cost of borrowing. A high bond rating indicates low credit risk to the investor, low risk results in a higher sale price and lower coupon interest rates for the bond's issuer (the City). When all other factors are held constant, borrowing will be more costly for an issuer with a lower bond rating.

In assigning a credit rating, the rating agency's primary concern is the issuer's willingness and ability to repay the debt on time and in full. Different factors are then analyzed. The credit analyst will focus on four primary factors.

They are:

- ✓ **Debt management** An assessment of the community's ability to support existing and planned debt obligations, using key financial ratios as indicators such as debt per capita and overall debt burden.
- ✓ **Administrative issues** A review of the organization and authority of the government's administration and services for which it is directly responsible. Also included in this category is an assessment of the goals and philosophies of management and the type of budgeting used.

- ✓ **Financial performance** An analysis of revenue and expenditure trends and the adequacy, dependability, and scope of revenues, including the issuer's ability to tap into additional revenue sources for debt service. This category also includes financial position and the size and composition of fund balance.
- ✓ **Economic base** An evaluation of the jurisdiction's economic outlook focusing on the tax base, income, population, employment, diversity and composition of employers, building permits, vacancy rates, and real estate values.

Of all the factors, the economic base tends to carry the most weight in rating, but it is also the category over which issuers have the least amount of control. Also of prime importance is financial performance. The other two factors – administrative factors and debt management – considered "lesser" factors in the past, have been placed to the <u>forefront</u> by the rating agencies. In fact, all three agencies have cited that: "Bristol's experienced and capable fiscal management has contributed to its consistent financial performance."

The City issued \$40.4 million of tax-exempt general obligation bonds in June 2011. Taxable notes in the amount of \$5.3 million were issues on January 28, 2014. The notes will mature October 27, 2014 and will be re-issued (rolled over) with a small \$100,000 pay down.

Standard and Poor's upgraded the City's bond rating from AA to AA+, the Moody's Investors Service rating remained at Aa3 and the Fitch ratings remained at AA.

Standard and Poor's and Fitch assigned ratings of "SP-1+" and "F1+", respectively to the Notes.

The bonds were issued to permanently finance various general purpose and school projects. The notes were issued to provide temporary financing for general purpose projects (mall site and related expenses).

Rating Methodology: Recalibration of Moody's U.S. Municipal Ratings to its Global Rating Scale.

In April 2010, Moody's recalibrated its long-term U.S. municipal ratings to its global rating scale. The benchmarking analysis of municipal credits against global scale ratings across the Moody's rated universe will result in an upward shift for most state and local government long-term municipal ratings- Moody's Investors Service. Due to the recalibration of the ratings, the City rating was raised from Aa3 to Aa2.

The following is a Ratings Guide to the three public rating agencies.

Rating	Description
Fitch IBCA	
AAA	Highest credit quality
AA (+ or -)*	Very high credit quality
A (+ or -)	High credit quality
BBB (+ or -)	Good credit quality
BB (+ or -)	Speculative
B (+ or -)	Highly speculative
CCC,CC,C (+ or -)	High default risk
D	In default
Moody's	
Aaa	Best quality
Aa1, Aa2, Aa3	High quality by all standards
A1, A2, A3	Upper medium grade
Baa1, Baa2, Baa3	Medium grade
Ba1, Ba2, Ba3	Has speculative elements
B1, B2, B3	Generally lacks characteristics of a desirable investment
Caa	Poor standing; may be in default
Ca	Speculative in a high degree; often in default
С	Lowest rated class of bonds; extremely poor prospects
Standard & Poor's	
AAA	Highest quality; extremely strong capacity to pay
AA (+ or -)	High quality; very strong capacity to pay
A (+ or -)	Strong capacity to pay principal and interest
BBB (+ or -)	Adequate capacity to pay principal and interest
BB (+ or -)	Low speculative
B (+ or -)	Speculative
CCC,CC (+ or -)	High speculation
С	Income bonds on which no interest is being paid
D	In default
	ed to Fitch IBCA and Standard & Poor's ratings to indicate the credit within a rating category. The digits 1-3 appended to Moody's me function.

The Past (Debt Issuances)

The City's most recent long term debt issuance was on June 15, 2011, with a total of \$40,400,000 issued. On October 27, 2014 the short-term note portion will be rolled over. The chart below illustrates the projects covered by the short-term issue:

Project	The Notes to Mature
Mall Purchase/Legal	\$4,482,000 <u>\$818,000</u> <u>\$5,300,000</u>

Current Budget (Debt Service)

The City has budgeted \$8,461 for existing debt service obligations in the 2014-2015 general fund budget. This amount fully funds the City of Bristol's debt service principal and interest payments on outstanding obligations. The Water Pollution Control budget found in the Special Revenue section contains the remaining funds of \$230,260 for its portion of debt service from the June 2011 issue. A listing of projects and outstanding bonds as of July 1, 2014 can be found on page 368.

Capital Project Loan Obligations

The City entered into Project Loan and Project Grant Agreements from 2002 and 2006 between the State of Connecticut and the City of Bristol at an annual rate of 2%. The purpose of the loans was for Water Pollution Control upgrades to existing sewer lines to reduce flow volume into the wastewater treatment plant.

These obligations are being repaid monthly through sewer user fees within the Water Pollution Control Capital Non-recurring fund.

Shown below are the Clean Water Loans that were received by the City of Bristol. A schedule of the remaining balances can be found on page 367.

Contract #	Date of Issuance	An	ount Issued
415 D/C	6/30/2002	\$	1,409,533.19
498 D/C	6/30/2002	\$	1,483,380.00
504 C	12/31/2003	\$	1,488,101.08
562 C	11/30/2004	\$	693,527.00
464 C	5/31/2006	\$	470,225.00
Total Cleanwa	ater	\$	5,544,766.27

Capital Projects

A detailed explanation of approved Capital Projects for the upcoming year to be funded, in part, by debt issuance may be found behind the 'Capital Budget Summary' tab located toward the back of this document. The City issued \$40.4 million in long-term bonds on June 15, 2011. The majority of this issue was for the two new K-8 schools, with the remainder for various citywide infrastructure improvements. A more comprehensive review of Capital Projects can be found behind the 'Capital Budget Summary' tab in this document. Located on page 368 of this document is a listing of bonding appropriations the City has made within the Capital Projects Funds.

The Future (Debt Policy)

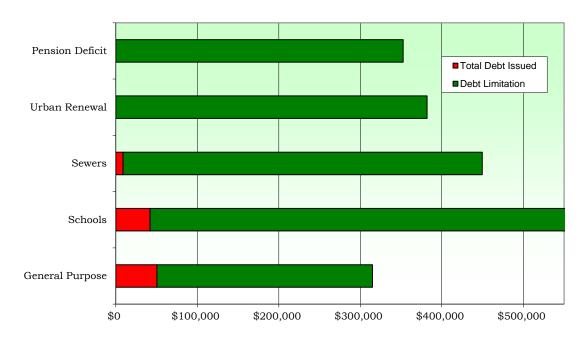
In keeping with its debt policy and long-term goals, the City will strive not to issue bonds more frequently than once every two fiscal years. The City will also try to ensure its bonded debt per capita does not exceed \$1,000. The City adopted a debt policy on May 22, 2001 that can be found behind the 'Policy Initiatives' tab in this budget document.

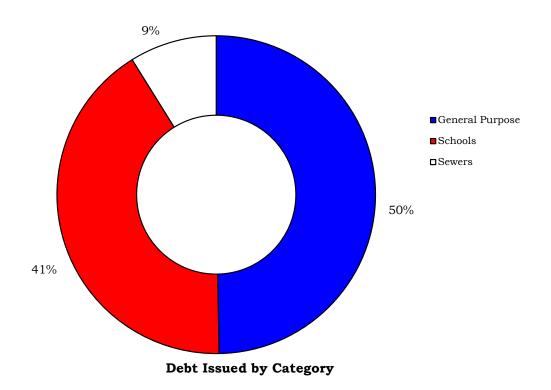
The City issues debt only for projects included in the Capital Improvement Program and approved in the capital improvement budget. Before doing so, the City reviews the status of previously approved projects, develops information for new projects, and examines capital project alternatives. Debt levels are carefully analyzed to assess how much borrowing capacity to allow. Taken into consideration are environmental factors such as community needs and resources, external economic conditions, financial factors, such as expected year-end operating position, financial condition, proposed debt structure, market conditions, fund balance levels, as well as statistical benchmarks known to be considered by rating agencies. Used in combination, these factors help aid the current debt service decision-making process and also keep debt within manageable bounds for future debt issuance considerations.

The City prefers its debt structure to be level and to have a relatively rapid payback period which keeps the bond year short. Again, this strategy is viewed positively by rating agencies and allows the community to take advantage of the year-to-year reduction of debt service for other purposes.

Finally, Connecticut municipalities fall under state laws to keep debt issuances within statute-provided limits. While these authorized versus issued limits are set reasonably high, the City of Bristol is conscious of these limits and the City's total debt outstanding is well below these limits. Shown below is a graphical representation of the debt limitation imposed by the State of Connecticut vs. the actual debt authorized by the City of Bristol.

Debt Limitation vs. Actual Debt Issued (In Thousands)





The charts above and on the preceding page are from the Schedule of Debt Limitation as of June 30, 2013 found on the next page.

SCHEDULE OF LEGAL DEBT LIMITATION

State of Connecticut general statutes indicate that in no case shall total indebtedness exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation.

The chart on the following page shows the City of Bristol Debt Limitation and actual debt authorized in the five major categories: General Purpose, Schools, Sewers, Urban Renewal and Pension Deficit. The chart clearly indicates that Bristol is well below the statutory requirements for debt issuance. Amounts shown are in thousands.

Schedule of Debt Limitation June 30, 2013 (In Thousands)

Total tax collections, including	nterest and lien	fees			\$ 125,635
Reimbursement for loss of rever Tax relief for elderly - freeze	nues:				6
Base					\$ 125,641
	General Purpose	Schools	Sewers	Urban Renewal	Pension Deficit
Debt limitation:					
2-1/4 times base	\$ 282,692	\$	\$	\$	\$
4-1/2 times base		565,385			
3-3/4 times base			471,154		
3-1/4 times base				408,333	
3 times base					376,923
Total	282,692	565,385	471,154	408,333	376,923
Indebtedness:					
Bonds and notes payable	32,086	37,219	7,888		
Bond anticipation notes	5,810	,	,		
Bonds authorized and	8,093	102,436	450		
unissued		(100.510)			
State Grant Commitments		(100,613)			
Total	45,989	39,042	8,338		
Debt Limitation in Excess of Outstanding and					

\$ 236,703 \$ 526,343 \$ 462,816 \$ 408,333 \$ 376,923

Authorized Debt

Budget Highlights

DEBT8010 LONG TERM DEBT- PRINCIPAL

			PRIOR YEAR ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	REVISED BUDGET	BUDGET REQUEST	JOINT BOARD
OBJECT	PROJECT	DESCRIPTION	2012-2013	2013-2014	2013-2014	2014-2015	2014-2015
LONG TER	RM DEBT-	PRINCIPAL					
588111		SCHOOL DEBT	\$3,060,000	\$3,060,000	\$3,060,000	\$3,035,000	\$3,035,000
588112		GENERAL IMPROVEMENT	2,930,375	2,930,375	2,930,375	2,866,000	2,866,000
588115		SEWER OPERATING DEBT	380,000	285,000	285,000	285,000	285,000
		TOTAL LONG TERM DEBT PRINCIPAL	\$6,370,375	\$6,275,375	\$6,275,375	\$6,186,000	\$6,186,000
		TOTAL LONG TERM DEBT PRINCIPAL	\$6,370,375	\$6,275,375	\$6,275,375	\$6,186,000	\$6,186,000

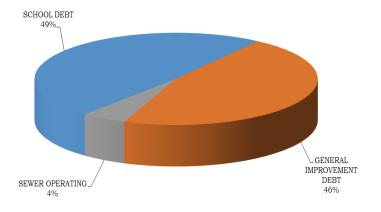
DEBT8020 LONG TERM DEBT- INTEREST

			PRIOR YEAR ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	REVISED BUDGET	BUDGET REQUEST	JOINT BOARD
OBJECT	PROJECT	DESCRIPTION	2012-2013	2013-2014	2013-2014	2014-2015	2014-2015
LONG TE	RM DEBT	INTEREST					
588121		SCHOOL DEBT	\$1,461,986	\$1,325,780	\$1,325,780	\$1,192,542	\$1,192,542
588122		GENERAL IMPROVEMENT	1,242,804	1,068,020	1,068,020	1,043,349	1,043,349
588125		SEWER OPERATING DEBT	275,920	259,380	259,380	164,128	164,128
		TOTAL LONG TERM DEBT INTEREST	\$2,980,710	\$2,653,180	\$2,653,180	\$2,400,019	\$2,400,019
		TOTAL LONG TERM DEBT INTEREST	\$2,980,710	\$2,653,180	\$2,653,180	\$2,400,019	\$2,400,019

DEBT8040 SHORT TERM DEBT INTEREST

on them	PD0 170m	DESCRIPTION	PRIOR YEAR ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	REVISED BUDGET	BUDGET REQUEST	JOINT BOARD
OBJECT	PROJECT	DESCRIPTION	2012-2013	2013-2014	2013-2014	2014-2015	2014-2015
DEBT SER	VICE TRAN	SFER OUT					
588122		GENERAL IMPROVEMENT DEBT- INTEREST	\$65,870	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000
		TOTAL DEBT SERVICE TRANSFER OUT	\$65,870	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000
		TOTAL DEBT SERVICE TRANSFER OUT	\$65,870	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000





The graph illustrates three categories for longterm debt principal for FY 2014-2015. As shown to the left, long-term debt service principal for schools will account for 48.67% or \$4,227,542 of the long-term debt service principal payments, while general improvement debt is 46% or \$4,009,349. The remaining 4% or \$449,128 consists of debt relating to sewer system upgrades.

Shown below and on the following page are the debt service schedules provided by the Treasurer's Office. These schedules indicate each principal and interest payment by bond issuance year.

FUND 001		RISTOL, CON			FUNCTION:DE	BT SERVICE	
8010	EXPENDITURE EST	IMATE DETAI	L GENERAL F	UND			
		,				EBT PRINCIPA	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	PRINCIPAL PAYMENTS:	PMT/	PRIOR YEAR	ADOPTED	REVISED	BUDGET	APPROVED
INT.		#TTL	EXPENDED	BUDGET	ESTIMATE	REQUEST	BUDGET
RATE	DESCRIPTION	2014-2015	2012-2013	2013-2014	2013-2014	2014-2015	2014-2015
3.74	SCHOOL BONDS - '05	19/27	965,000	970,000	970,000	980,000	980,000
3.93	SCHOOL BONDS - '06	4/4	725,000	725,000	725,000	0	0
3.12	SCHOOL BONDS - '09	10/24	25,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
3.45	SCHOOL BONDS - '11	5/29	1,345,000	1,345,000	1,345,000	1,345,000	1,345,000
3.00	SCHOOL BONDS REF '11		0	0	0	690,000	690,000
588111	TOTAL SCHOOL BONDS		\$3,060,000	\$3,060,000	\$3,060,000	\$3,035,000	\$3,035,000
3.84	IMPROVEMENT - '04	5/5	1,315,000	1,315,000	1,315,000	0	0
3.93	IMPROVEMENT - '06	4/4	625,375	625,375	625,375	0	0
3.12	IMPROVEMENT - '09	11/24	535,000	535,000	535,000	535,000	535,000
3.45	IMPROVEMENT - '11	6/28	455,000	455,000	455,000	455,000	455,000
3.00	IMPROVEMENT REF- '11	•	0	. 0	0	1,876,000	1,876,000
588112	TOTAL GEN'L IMPROVEMEN	Τ	\$2,930,375	\$2,930,375	\$2,930,375	\$2,866,000	\$2,866,000
	none						
588113	TOTAL URBAN RENEWAL		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	none		•	•			•
588114	SEWER-ASSESSABLE PROJE	CTS	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5.05	SEWER REFUNDING - '93	38/38	\$95,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
3.00	SEWER BONDS - '11	5/28	285,000	285,000	285,000	285,000	285,000
		-,	, , , , , , ,	,			, , , , , ,
588115	SEWER-OPERATING		\$380,000	\$285,000	\$285,000	\$285,000	\$285,000
8010	SUBTOTAL LONGTERM DEBT PRI	NCIPAL	\$6,370,375	\$6,275,375	\$6,275,375	\$6,186,000	\$6,186,000
588310	LEASE PURCHASE PRINC	ΓΡΔΙ	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
300310	LEASE I GROTIASE PRINC	II AL	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	40
8010	LONG TERM DEBT PRINCIPAL TO	TAL	\$6,370,375	\$6,275,375	\$6,275,375	\$6,186,000	\$6,186,000

FUND 001	FISCAL	'EAR 2014-15 BU	TOL, CONNECTICUT SHORT TERM DEBT PRIN PY AR 2014-15 BUDGET E ESTIMATE SUMMARY GENERAL FUND				
1 COST CENTER	2 DESCRIPTION	3 PRIOR YEAR EXPENDED 2012-2013	4 AMENDED BUDGET 2013-2014	6 REVISED ESTIMATED 2013-2014	7 BUDGET REQUEST 2014-2015	9 APPROVED BUDGET 2014-2015	
588121	SCHOOL DEBT	0	0	0	0	0	
588122	GENERAL IMPROVEMENT	65,870	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	
588125	SEWER DEBT	0	0	0	0	0	
8030	TOTAL SHORT TERM DEBT PAYMENTS	65,870	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	

FUND 001	CITY OF BRISTOL, CONNE FISCAL YEAR 2014-15	BUDGET			FUNCTION: DI	BT SERVICE
8020	EXPENDITURE ESTIMATE	DETAIL GEN	ERAL FUND	LONG TER	M DEBT INTER	EST PAYMENTS
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	INTEREST PAYMENTS:	PRIOR YEAR	ADOPTED	REVISED	BUDGET	APPROVED
INT.		EXPENDED	BUDGET	ESTIMATE	REQUEST	BUDGET
RATE	DESCRIPTION	2012-2013	2013-2014	2013-2014	2014-2015	2014-2015
3.74	SCHOOL BONDS - '05	267,758	219,383	219,383	170,632	170,632
3.93	SCHOOL BONDS - '06	53,469	19,937	19,937	0	0
3.12	SCHOOL BONDS - '09	9,500	9,000	9,000	8,600	8,600
3.45	SCHOOL BONDS - '11	884,140	830,340	830,340	776,540	776,540
3.00	SCHOOL BONDS REF- '11	247,120	217,120	217,120	236,770	236,770
588121	TOTAL SCHOOL BONDS	\$1,461,986	\$1,295,780	\$1,295,780	\$1,192,542	\$1,192,542
3.84	IMPROVEMENT - '04	67,394	23,015	23,015	0	0
3.93	IMPROVEMENT - '06	46,121	17,190	17,190	0	0
3.12	IMPROVEMENT - '09	208,854	125,580	125,580	187,455	187,455
3.45	IMPROVEMENT - '11	298,865	280,665	280,665	262,465	262,465
3.00	IMPROVEMENT REF- '11	621,570	621,570	621,570	593,430	593,430
588122	TOTAL GEN'L IMPROVEMENT	\$1,242,804	\$1,068,020	\$1,068,020	\$1,043,350	\$1,043,350
588123	TOTAL URBAN RENEWAL	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	none					
588124	SEWER-ASSESSABLE PROJ	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
5.05	SEWER REFUNDING - '93	\$5,130	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
3.00	SEWER BONDS - '11	186,928	175,520	175,520	164,128	164,128
	SEWER REFUNDING- '11	0	83,860	83,860	0	0
588125	SEWER-OPERATING	\$192,058	\$259,380	\$259,380	\$164,128	\$164,128
8020	SUBTOTAL LONG TERM DEBT INTERES	\$2,896,848	\$2,623,180	\$2,623,180	\$2,400,020	\$2,400,020
E00220	LEACE BURGUAGE THE	40	40	40	40	+0
588320	LEASE PURCHASE INT	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
8020	LONG TERM DEBT INTEREST	\$2,896,848	\$2,623,180	\$2,623,180	\$2,400,020	\$2,400,020

Shown below is a chart summarizing the long-term obligations of the City of Bristol, including the self-supporting water (enterprise) debt. Displayed on the chart is the original issue amount of the long-term obligation as well as the present balance and maturity year.

	Debt Summary Long-Term Bonded Debt As of July 1, 2014 (Pro-Forma)									
Balance Fiscal Y										
9/1/1996 Wate	Purpose	5.35	4,260,000	1,260,000	Maturity 2017					
, ,	5/05 PARTIAL REFUND 9/1/1996-Water)	0.00	(2,325,000)	(1,260,000)	2017					
10/15/1998 Scho		4.33	17.440.000	7,715,000	2019					
, ,	5/05 PARTIAL REFUND 10/15/1998-School)	1.00	(10,625,000)	(7,715,000)	2019					
` '	nwater Loan 415 D/C	2.00	1.409.533	553,304	2021					
, ,	nwater Loan 498 D/C	2.00	1,483,380	582.292	2021					
, ,	nwater Loan 504 C	2.00	1,488,101	699,038	2023					
10/15/2004 Gene		3.84	22,365,000	10,520,000	2022					
10/15/2004 Wate	•	3.84	600,000	280,000	2022					
11/30/2004 Clean	nwater Loan 562 C	2.00	693,527	360,601	2024					
6/15/2005 Refu	nding of 1996 Water Bonds	3.74	2,315,000	595,000	2018					
6/15/2005 Refu	nding of 1998 School Bonds	3.74	10,635,000	4,800,000	2019					
5/31/2006 Clean	nwater 464 C	2.00	470,225	299,709	2026					
12/1/2006 Gene	eral Improvement	3.93	10,006,000	5,628,375	2023					
12/1/2006 Scho	ools	3.93	11,600,000	6,525,000	2023					
12/1/2006 Wate	er	3.93	3,394,000	1,926,625	2023					
2/15/2009 Scho	ools	2.23	385,000	265,000	2025					
2/15/2009 Gene	eral Improvement	2.23	8,515,000	5,840,000	2025					
6/15/2011 Wate	er	4.00	813,000	723,000	2031					
6/15/2011 Scho	ools	4.00	25,550,000	22,860,000	2031					
6/15/2011 Gene	eral Improvement	4.00	8,637,000	7,727,000	2031					
6/15/2011 Sewe	er	4.00	5,400,000	4,830,000	2031					
Sub-	total		\$124,509,766	\$75,014,944						

Below is a chart showing the City of Bristol's bond ratings for bonds issued since 1988.

	CITY OF BRISTO	L BOND ISSUE	RATINGS	
			Standard &	
<u>Issue Date</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Moody's <u>Rating</u>	Poor's Rating	<u>Fitch</u>
June 15, 2011	\$40,400,000	Aa2	AA+	AA+
February 4, 2009	\$8,900,000	Aa3	AA+	AA
December 1, 2006	\$25,000,000	Aa3	AA	AA
June 15, 2005	\$13,055,000	Aa3	AA	AA
October 15, 2004	\$22,965,000	Aa3	AA	AA
September 1, 2000	\$6,440,000	Aa3	AA-	
October 15, 1998	\$17,765,000	A1	AA-	
September 1, 1996	\$4,260,000	A1	AA-	
May 15, 1995	\$2,790,000	A1	AA-	
December 15, 1993	\$6,775,000	A1	AA-	
March 1, 1992	\$23,435,000	A1	AA-	
March 1, 1991	\$9,295,000	A1	AA	
December 15, 1988	\$17,970,000	A1	AA	
February 15, 1988	\$8,765,000	A1	AA	

Below is a chart illustrating the City of Bristol's outstanding debt. The chart shows the beginning principal balance, principal payments, interest payments and the ending debt balance as well as the cumulative principal percent of debt retired. All debt types (general improvement, education, sewer and water department (enterprise) and Cleanwater loans are shown independently on the next few pages with the same information.

			A1	l City Long-t As	of J	Debt (exclu uly 1, 2014 o-Forma)	din	g water)			
Fiscal Year Ended	Princi	pal	Prin	cipal	Inte	erest	Tot	al	Pri	incipal	Cumulative %
June 30	Beginn	ning Balance	Payı	ments	Pay	ments	Pay	ments	En	ding Balance	Principal Retired
2014									\$	71,490,319	38.1
2015	\$	71,490,319	\$	6,571,926	\$	2,450,429	\$	9,022,355	\$	64,918,393	43.8
2016	\$	64,918,393	\$	6,572,710	\$	2,208,182	\$	8,780,892	\$	58,345,683	49.5
2017	\$	58,345,683	\$	6,573,610	\$	1,968,391	\$	8,542,001	\$	51,772,073	55.2
2018	\$	51,772,073	\$	6,552,630	\$	1,749,596	\$	8,302,226	\$	45,219,443	60.9
2019	\$	45,219,443	\$	6,543,771	\$	1,536,413	\$	8,080,184	\$	38,675,672	60.6
2020	\$	38,675,672	\$	5,620,036	\$	1,316,076	\$	6,936,112	\$	33,055,636	66.3
2021	\$	33,055,636	\$	5,626,428	\$	1,111,305	\$	6,737,733	\$	27,429,208	71.2
2022	\$	27,429,208	\$	5,457,361	\$	915,392	\$	6,372,753	\$	21,971,847	69.8
2023	\$	21,971,847	\$	4,100,534	\$	747,487	\$	4,848,021	\$	17,871,313	64.1
2024	\$	17,871,313	\$	2,686,095	\$	632,948	\$	3,319,043	\$	15,185,218	69.0
2025	\$	15,185,218	\$	2,665,913	\$	542,377	\$	3,208,290	\$	12,519,304	68.8
2026	\$	12,519,304	\$	2,104,304	\$	448,024	\$	2,552,328	\$	10,415,000	73.8
2027	\$	10,415,000	\$	2,083,000	\$	372,337	\$	2,455,337	\$	8,332,000	79.0
2028	\$	8,332,000	\$	2,083,000	\$	291,620	\$	2,374,620	\$	6,249,000	84.3
2029	\$	6,249,000	\$	2,083,000	\$	208,300	\$	2,291,300	\$	4,166,000	89.5
2030	\$	4,166,000	\$	2,083,000	\$	124,980	\$	2,207,980	\$	2,083,000	94.8
2031	\$	2,083,000	\$	2,083,000	\$	41,660	\$	2,124,660	\$	-	100.0
To tals:			\$	71,490,318	\$	16,665,517	\$	88,155,835			

Debt Management (continued)

				General Impi As	of .	ement Long-t July 1, 2014 o-Forma)	teri	m Debt			
Fiscal Year Ended	Pri	ncipal	Pri	ncipal	Int	erest	То	tal	Pri	ncipal	Cumulative %
June 30	Beg	ginning Balance	Pay	ments	Pa	yments	Pa	yments	En	ding Balance	Principal Retired
2014							•		\$	29,715,375	40.0
2015	\$	29,715,375	\$	2,930,375	\$	1,048,528	\$	3,978,903	\$	26,785,000	45.9
2016	\$	26,785,000	\$	2,930,375	\$	947,090	\$	3,877,465	\$	23,854,625	51.8
2017	\$	23,854,625	\$	2,925,375	\$	841,695	\$	3,767,070	\$	20,929,250	57.7
2018	\$	20,929,250	\$	2,925,375	\$	739,916	\$	3,665,291	\$	18,003,875	63.6
2019	\$	18,003,875	\$	2,925,375	\$	637,524	\$	3,562,899	\$	15,078,500	69.6
2020	\$	15,078,500	\$	2,925,375	\$	528,084	\$	3,453,459	\$	12,153,125	75.5
2021	\$	12,153,125	\$	2,925,375	\$	416,497	\$	3,341,872	\$	9,227,750	81.4
2022	\$	9,227,750	\$	2,925,375	\$	304,216	\$	3,229,591	\$	6,302,375	87.3
2023	\$	6,302,375	\$	1,610,375	\$	217,998	\$	1,828,373	\$	4,692,000	90.5
2024	\$	4,692,000	\$	984,000	\$	170,371	\$	1,154,371	\$	3,708,000	92.5
2025	\$	3,708,000	\$	984,000	\$	134,416	\$	1,118,416	\$	2,724,000	90.0
2026	\$	2,724,000	\$	454,000	\$	97,610	\$	551,610	\$	2,270,000	86.8
2027	\$	2,270,000	\$	454,000	\$	81,153	\$	535,153	\$	1,816,000	89.4
2028	\$	1,816,000	\$	454,000	\$	63,560	\$	517,560	\$	1,362,000	84.2
2029	\$	1,362,000	\$	454,000	\$	45,400	\$	499,400	\$	908,000	89.5
2030	\$	908,000	\$	454,000	\$	27,240	\$	481,240	\$	454,000	94.7
2031	\$	454,000	\$	454,000	\$	9,080	\$	463,080	\$	-	100.0
Totals:				\$29,715,375		\$6,310,378		\$36,025,753			

The chart below illustrate the City of Bristol's General Improvement Debt along with the self-supporting water (enterprise fund) debt.

Self-Supporting Water Debt As of July 1, 2014 (Pro-Forma)												
Fiscal Year Ended	Pri	ncipal	Pri	ncipal	Int	erest	Tot	tal	Pri	ncipal	Cumulative %	
June 30	Beg	inning Balance	Pay	ments	Payments		Payments		End	ling Balance	Principal Retired	
2014									\$	3,524,625	61.1	
2015	\$	3,524,625	\$	489,625	\$	124,711	\$	614,336	\$	3,035,000	66.5	
2016	\$	3,035,000	\$	494,625	\$	105,174	\$	599,799	\$	2,540,375	72.0	
2017	\$	2,540,375	\$	489,625	\$	86,855	\$	576,480	\$	2,050,750	77.4	
2018	\$	2,050,750	\$	291,625	\$	72,881	\$	364,506	\$	1,759,125	63.4	
2019	\$	1,759,125	\$	291,625	\$	62,249	\$	353,874	\$	1,467,500	69.5	
2020	\$	1,467,500	\$	291,625	\$	50,794	\$	342,419	\$	1,175,875	75.5	
2021	\$	1,175,875	\$	291,625	\$	39,317	\$	330,942	\$	884,250	81.6	
2022	\$	884,250	\$	291,625	\$	28,006	\$	319,631	\$	592,625	87.7	
2023	\$	592,625	\$	256,625	\$	17,418	\$	274,043	\$	336,000	92.0	
2024	\$	336,000	\$	42,000	\$	11,839	\$	53,839	\$	294,000	63.8	
2025	\$	294,000	\$	42,000	\$	10,474	\$	52,474	\$	252,000	69.0	
2026	\$	252,000	\$	42,000	\$	9,030	\$	51,030	\$	210,000	74.2	
2027	\$	210,000	\$	42,000	\$	7,508	\$	49,508	\$	168,000	79.3	
2028	\$	168,000	\$	42,000	\$	5,880	\$	47,880	\$	126,000	84.5	
2029	\$	126,000	\$	42,000	\$	4,200	\$	46,200	\$	84,000	89.7	
2030	\$	84,000	\$	42,000	\$	2,520	\$	44,520	\$	42,000	94.8	
2031	\$	42,000	\$	42,000	\$	840	\$	42,840	\$	-	100.0	
Totals:			\$3,	524,625	\$63	39,696	\$4,	164,321				

The following debt management charts display the City of Bristol's long-term school and sewer debt.

					of Jul	g-term Del y 1, 2014 Forma)	bt				
Fiscal Year Ended	Principa	1	Principal	l	Intere	st	Total		Pri	ncipal	Cumulative %
June 30	Beginnin	ig Balance	Payment	S	Payme	ents	Payn	nents	End	ling Balance	Principal Retired
2014							•		\$	4,830,000	29.9
2015	\$	4,830,000	\$	285,000	\$	164,128	\$	449,128	\$	4,545,000	35.0
2016	\$	4,545,000	\$	285,000	\$	152,728	\$	437,728	\$	4,260,000	22.5
2017	\$	4,260,000	\$	285,000	\$	141,328	\$	426,328	\$	3,975,000	27.7
2018	\$	3,975,000	\$	283,000	\$	132,798	\$	415,798	\$	3,692,000	32.9
2019	\$	3,692,000	\$	283,000	\$	125,723	\$	408,723	\$	3,409,000	38.0
2020	\$	3,409,000	\$	283,000	\$	115,818	\$	398,818	\$	3,126,000	43.2
2021	\$	3,126,000	\$	283,000	\$	105,913	\$	388,913	\$	2,843,000	48.3
2022	\$	2,843,000	\$	283,000	\$	97,423	\$	380,423	\$	2,560,000	53.4
2023	\$	2,560,000	\$	283,000	\$	88,933	\$	371,933	\$	2,277,000	58.6
2024	\$	2,277,000	\$	284,000	\$	80,250	\$	364,250	\$	1,993,000	63.8
2025	\$	1,993,000	\$	284,000	\$	71,020	\$	355,020	\$	1,709,000	68.9
2026	\$	1,709,000	\$	284,000	\$	61,258	\$	345,258	\$	1,425,000	74.1
2027	\$	1,425,000	\$	285,000	\$	50,944	\$	335,944	\$	1,140,000	79.3
2028	\$	1,140,000	\$	285,000	\$	39,900	\$	324,900	\$	855,000	84.5
2029	\$	855,000	\$	285,000	\$	28,500	\$	313,500	\$	570,000	89.6
2030	\$	570,000	\$	285,000	\$	17,100	\$	302,100	\$	285,000	94.8
2031	\$	285,000	\$	285,000	\$	5,700	\$	290,700	\$	-	100.0
Totals:	· ·		\$ 4,	830,000		\$1,479,464	\$	1,313,184			·

						ong-term De	bt					
				As		July 1, 2014 o-Forma)						
					(1 1	o-r orma,						
Fiscal Year Ended	Pri	ncipal	Prir	ıcipal	Int	erest	Tot	tal	Pri	ncipal	Cumulative %	
June 30	Beg	inning Balance	Payments			Payments		Payments		ding Balance	Principal Retired	
2011									\$	34,450,000	37.3	
2012	\$	34,450,000	\$	3,070,000	\$	1,190,491	\$	4,260,491	\$	31,380,000	42.9	
2013	\$	31,380,000	\$	3,065,000	\$	1,066,866	\$	4,131,866	\$	28,315,000	48.5	
2014	\$	28,315,000	\$	3,065,000	\$	949,771	\$	4,014,771	\$	25,250,000	54.1	
2015	\$	25,250,000	\$	3,040,000	\$	847,304	\$	3,887,304	\$	22,210,000	59.6	
2016	\$	22,210,000	\$	3,025,000	\$	749,730	\$	3,774,730	\$	19,185,000	48.9	
2017	\$	19,185,000	\$	2,095,000	\$	655,003	\$	2,750,003	\$	17,090,000	54.5	
2018	\$	17,090,000	\$	2,095,000	\$	578,115	\$	2,673,115	\$	14,995,000	60.1	
2019	\$	14,995,000	\$	2,095,000	\$	507,890	\$	2,602,890	\$	12,900,000	65.6	
2020	\$	12,900,000	\$	2,095,000	\$	437,615	\$	2,532,615	\$	10,805,000	58.3	
2021	\$	10,805,000	\$	1,370,000	\$	380,924	\$	1,750,924	\$	9,435,000	63.6	
2022	\$	9,435,000	\$	1,370,000	\$	336,212	\$	1,706,212	\$	8,065,000	68.4	
2023	\$	8,065,000	\$	1,345,000	\$	288,978	\$	1,633,978	\$	6,720,000	73.7	
2024	\$	6,720,000	\$	1,344,000	\$	240,240	\$	1,584,240	\$	5,376,000	79.0	
2025	\$	5,376,000	\$	1,344,000	\$	188,160	\$	1,532,160	\$	4,032,000	84.2	
2026	\$	4,032,000	\$	1,344,000	\$	134,400	\$	1,478,400	\$	2,688,000	89.5	
2027	\$	2,688,000	\$	1,344,000	\$	80,640	\$	1,424,640	\$	1,344,000	94.7	
2028	\$	1,344,000	\$	1,344,000	\$	26,880	\$	1,370,880	\$	-	100.0	
Totals:			\$	34,450,000	\$	8,659,219	\$	43,109,219				

	Cleanwater (SEWER) Loans As of July 1, 2014 (Pro-Forma)										
Fiscal Year Ended	Principa	al	Princ	ipal	Inte	rest	Tota	al	Pri	ncipal	Cumulative %
June 30	Beginni	ng Balance	Paym	ents	Pay	ments	Pay	ments	En	ding Balance	Principal Retired
2014									\$	2,494,944	55.0
2015	\$	2,494,944	\$	286,551	\$	47,282	\$	333,833	\$	2,208,393	60.2
2016	\$	2,208,393	\$	292,335	\$	41,498	\$	333,833	\$	1,916,058	65.4
2017	\$	1,916,058	\$	298,235	\$	35,597	\$	333,832	\$	1,617,823	70.8
2018	\$	1,617,823	\$	304,255	\$	29,578	\$	333,833	\$	1,313,568	76.3
2019	\$	1,313,568	\$	310,396	\$	23,436	\$	333,832	\$	1,003,172	81.9
2020	\$	1,003,172	\$	316,661	\$	17,171	\$	333,832	\$	686,511	87.6
2021	\$	686,511	\$	323,053	\$	10,780	\$	333,833	\$	363,458	86.3
2022	\$	363,458	\$	153,986	\$	5,863	\$	159,849	\$	209,472	92.1
2023	\$	209,472	\$	112,159	\$	2,941	\$	115,100	\$	97,313	91.6
2024	\$	97,313	\$	48,095	\$	1,403	\$	49,498		49,218	89.5
2025	\$	49,218	\$	27,913	\$	729	\$	28,642	\$	21,305	95.5
2026	\$	21,304	\$	21,304	\$	178	\$	21,482	\$	-	100.0
Totals:			\$	2,494,943	\$	216,456	\$	2,711,399			

The chart below shows all the Capital Projects that have been approved by the City of Bristol that have not had long-term obligations issued at this time. It is anticipated that the next long-term bond issuance will be taking place in the 2014-2015 fiscal year.

BONDING TYPE	PROJECT	BONDING AM OUNT OUTSTANDING	
SCHOOL	Southside Roof Replacement	\$ 220,000	
SCHOOL	West Bristol K-8 School	39,100,000	**
SCHOOL	Forestville K-8 School	40,350,000	**
SCHOOL	Roof Replacement- Administration Buildings	297,500	
SCHOOL	Northeast Middle School Roof Replacement	1,196,650	
SCHOOL	Bristol Central High School Running Track	750,000	
GENERAL	South Street Widening	80,000	
GENERAL	PW Garage Architectural	120,000	
GENERAL	Mall Purchase/Legal	6,275,000	
GENERAL	Sediment Control Structures- Pequabuck River	20,000	
GENERAL	Fire Department- Engine 4	6,000,000	
GENERAL	Fire Department- Engine 5	600,000	
	Purchase Street Lights	750,000	
	Mall Demolition/Abatement	3,500,000	
	Frederick Street/Coppermine Engineering Study	81,000	
	Senior Center Utility Upgrades	2,360,700	
	Senior Center Roof Replacement	600,000	
	Casey Field Improvements	210,000	
	Single Stream Recycling Program	800,000	
	HJ Mills Parking Lot Construction	880,000	
	Pequabuck River Stablization Wall	680,000	
	Willis Street Reconstruction- Phase 2	900,000	
	Hillside Place Intersection Improvements	440,000	
	Muzzy Field Improvements	2,500,000	
	Frederick Street Bridge/ Channel Improvements Matthews Street Reconstruction	1,400,000 800,000	
	Coppermine Brook- Storm Drain Study	800,000	
	Dorset Horn & Great Pyrenees Way Reconstruction	400,000	
	Fern Hill Road Reclaimation (Nelson Farm- Oakridge)	690,000	
	Birch Street- Roadway Reclaimation (Redstone to Pine		
	Munchausen & Bartholomew Street Reconstruction	310,000	
	Mountain Road Rock Face Stablization	320,000	
GENERAL	Stevens Street Watershed Storage Area	820,000	
GENERAL	Stevens Street Bridge- Richard Court Berm	550,000	
GENERAL	Coppermine Brook- Removal of private bridge	380,000	
GENERAL	Waterbury Road Reconstruction	3,500,000	
GENERAL	Roadway Reclaimation- Various Roads	580,000	
GENERAL	Divinity Street Culvert Replacement	350,000	
SEWER	Forestville SSO Reduction Relief- Force Main	60,000	(2)
SEWER	Phosphorus Removal Upgrade	17,000,000	
WATER	Water Storage Tank Replacement	8,000	(1)
	Total	\$ 137,158,850	
(1) (2)	Self-supporting Water Debt WPC User Fees will support 1/2 and 1/2 with tax fund	led	
	BONDING APPROPRIATIONS BY TYPE	PE .	
	GENERAL IMPROVEMENT	\$ 38,176,700	
	SCHOOLS	81,914,150	
	SEWER	17,060,000	
	WATER (SELF-SUPPORTING)	8,000	
	Total	\$137,158,850	
**	These appropriated amounts to be offset by State Gran \$77,626,500 in State Grants.	nts for 73.93% or	